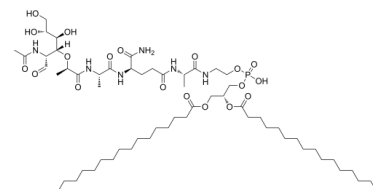


Data Sheet

Product Name:	Mifamurtide
Cat. No.:	CS-2945
CAS No.:	83461-56-7
Molecular Formula:	C ₅₉ H ₁₀₉ N ₆ O ₁₉ P
Molecular Weight:	1237.50
Target:	NOD-like Receptor (NLR)
Pathway:	Immunology/Inflammation
Solubility:	DMSO : 100 mg/mL (ultrasonic)



BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY:

Mifamurtide (MTP-PE), an analog of the muramyl dipeptide (MDP), is a nonspecific immunomodulator by stimulating the immune response activating macrophages and monocytes. Mifamurtide is a specific ligand for NOD2 and acts as an insulin sensitizer. Mifamurtide has potential for use in rare disease and osteosarcoma research^{[1][2][3]}. *In Vitro*: Mifamurtide (MTP-PE; 100 μM) induces a reduction of MG63 cells number when co-cultured with macrophages^[3].

Mifamurtide (100 μM) increases both the M1 polarization marker iNOS and the M2 polarization marker CD206 mRNAs; both pro-inflammatory (IL-1β, IL-6) and anti-inflammatory (IL-4, IL-10) cytokines. Mifamurtide increases the iron transporter DMT1 protein^[3]. L-mifamurtide (5, 5000 nM; for 48 hours) alone has no direct effect on the proliferation rate of the two osteosarcoma cell lines MOS-J and KHOS in vitro or in vivo^[1].

Mifamurtide acts as a nonspecific immunomodulator by activating macrophages and monocytes related to the upregulation of tumoricidal activity and secretion of pro-inflammatory cytokines including tumor necrosis factor (TNF)-α, interleukin (IL)-1, IL-6, IL-8, IL-12, nitric oxide (NO), prostaglandin E2 (PGE2) and PGD2^[3].

In Vivo: Mifamurtide (MTP-PE; 1 mg/kg; i.v.; twice per week for 4 weeks) causes a trend of diminished spontaneous lung metastasis dissemination^[1].

Mifamurtide (50 μg/mouse) improves glucose tolerance during endotoxemia in mice. Mifamurtide (equivalent to 20 μg MDP; 4 times per week for 5 weeks) improves glucose tolerance in HFD-fed mice without altering body mass^[2].

References:

[1]. Kevin Biteau, et al. L-MTP-PE and zoledronic acid combination in osteosarcoma: preclinical evidence of positive therapeutic combination for clinical transfer. *Am J Cancer Res.* 2016 Feb 15;6(3):677-89.

[2]. Mifamurtide: CGP 19835, CGP 19835A, L-MTP-PE, liposomal MTP-PE, MLV 19835A, MTP-PE, muramyltripeptide phosphatidylethanolamine. *Drugs R D*, 2008. 9(2): p. 131-5.

[3]. Joseph F Cavallari, et al. Muramyl Dipeptide-Based Postbiotics Mitigate Obesity-Induced Insulin Resistance via IRF4. *Cell Metab.* 2017 May 2;25(5):1063-1074.e3.

[4]. Francesca Punzo, et al. Mifamurtide and TAM-like macrophages: effect on proliferation, migration and differentiation of osteosarcoma cells. *Oncotarget.* 2020 Feb 18;11(7):687-698.

CAIndexNames:

L-Alaninamide, N-(N-acetylmuramoyl)-L-alanyl-D- α -glutaminy-N-[(7R)-4-hydroxy-4-oxido-10-oxo-7-[(1-oxohexadecyl)oxy]-3,5,9-trioxa-4-phosphapentacos-1-yl]-

SMILES:

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Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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