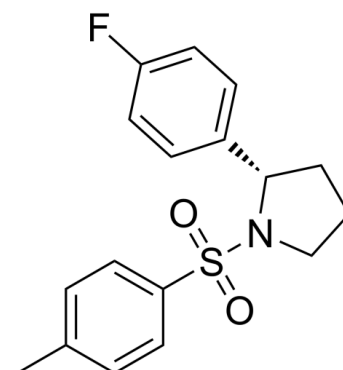


## Data Sheet

<b>Product Name:</b>	Ro 67-7476
<b>Cat. No.:</b>	CS-5751
<b>CAS No.:</b>	298690-60-5
<b>Molecular Formula:</b>	C <sub>17</sub> H <sub>18</sub> FNO <sub>2</sub> S
<b>Molecular Weight:</b>	319.39
<b>Target:</b>	mGluR
<b>Pathway:</b>	GPCR/G Protein; Neuronal Signaling
<b>Solubility:</b>	DMSO : ≥ 40 mg/mL (125.24 mM)



### BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY:

Ro 67-7476 is a potent positive allosteric modulator of **mGluR<sub>1</sub>** and potentiates glutamate-induced calcium release in HEK293 cells expressing rat mGluR1a with an **EC<sub>50</sub>** of 60.1 nM<sup>[1][2]</sup>. Ro 67-7476 is a potent P-ERK1/2 agonist and activates ERK1/2 phosphorylation in the absence of exogenously added glutamate (**EC<sub>50</sub>**=163.3 nM)<sup>[3]</sup>. *In Vitro*: In the Purkinje cells of rat cerebellar slices, Ro 67-7476 increases the amplitude of mGluR1 excitatory postsynaptic potentials (EPSCs) evoked by 2,3-dihydroxy-6-nitro-7-sulfamoylbenzoquinoline, picrotoxin, or AP5<sup>[3]</sup>.

Ro 67-7476 activates ERK1/2 phosphorylation in the absence of exogenously added glutamate (EC<sub>50</sub>=163.3 nM). The EC<sub>50</sub> value of full P-ERK1/2 activation for Ro 67-7476 are nearly identical to the EC<sub>50</sub> for calcium mobilization potentiation<sup>[3]</sup>.

Ro 67-7476 increases basal cAMP production approximately by 8%. It potentiated threshold responses to glutamate in the cAMP accumulation assay, with an EC<sub>50</sub> value of 17.7 μM<sup>[3]</sup>.

### References:

- [1]. F Knoflach, et al. Positive allosteric modulators of metabotropic glutamate 1 receptor: characterization, mechanism of action, and binding site. *Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A*. 2001 Nov 6;98(23):13402-7
- [2]. Kamondanai Hemstapat, et al. A novel class of positive allosteric modulators of metabotropic glutamate receptor subtype 1 interact with a site distinct from that of negative allosteric modulators. *Mol Pharmacol*. 2006 Aug;70(2):616-26.
- [3]. Douglas J Sheffler, et al. Allosteric potentiators of metabotropic glutamate receptor subtype 1a differentially modulate independent signaling pathways in baby hamster kidney cells. *Neuropharmacology*. 2008 Sep;55(4):419-27

### CAIndexNames:

Pyrrolidine, 2-(4-fluorophenyl)-1-[(4-methylphenyl)sulfonyl]-, (2S)-

### SMILES:

O=S(N1[C@H](C2=CC=C(F)C=C2)CCC1)(C3=CC=C(C)C=C3)=O

**Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.**

Tel: 610-426-3128

Fax: 888-484-5008

E-mail: sales@ChemScene.com

Address: 1 Deer Park Dr, Suite Q, Monmouth Junction, NJ 08852, USA