

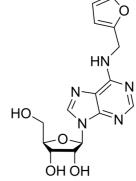
Data Sheet

Product Name: Kinetin riboside

 $\begin{array}{lll} \textbf{Cat. No.:} & \textbf{CS-6377} \\ \textbf{CAS No.:} & 4338-47-0 \\ \textbf{Molecular Formula:} & \textbf{C}_{15}\textbf{H}_{17}\textbf{N}_5\textbf{O}_5 \\ \textbf{Molecular Weight:} & 347.33 \\ \end{array}$

Target: Apoptosis
Pathway: Apoptosis

Solubility: DMSO : 250 mg/mL (719.78 mM; Need ultrasonic)



BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY:

Kinetin riboside, a cytokinin analog, can induce **apoptosis** in cancer cells. It inhibits the proliferation of HCT-15 cells with an **IC**₅₀ of 2.5 μ M. IC50 & Target:IC50: 2.5 μ M (HCT-15 cells)^[1] *In Vitro*: Kinetin riboside displays antiproliferative and apoptogenic activity against various human cancer cell lines. Kinetin riboside is able to inhibit the proliferation in HCT-15 human colon cancer cells in a dose-dependent manner (IC₅₀=2.5 μ M)^[1]. Kinetin riboside induces apoptosis in HeLa and mouse melanoma B16F-10 cells. Kinetin riboside disrupts the mitochondrial membrane potential and induces the release of cytochrome c and activation of caspase-3. Bad are up-regulated while Bcl-2 is down-regulated under kinetin riboside exposure^[2]. *In Vivo*: Kinetin riboside significantly suppresses tumor growth. The most effective anti-melanoma response is elicited at 40 mg/kg^[2].

PROTOCOL (Extracted from published papers and Only for reference)

Cell Assay: ^[2]HeLa and mouse melanoma B16F-10 cells are treated with 5, 10, 20 μM kinetin riboside for 48 h. 15 μL of MTT solution (5 mg/mL) is added to each well and cells are maintained for 4 h at 37°C. Hundred microlitres of solubilizing solution is then added. After an overnight incubation at room temperature, absorbance at 490 nm is measured^[2]. **Animal Administration:** ^[2]Mice: Male C57BL/6 mice are injected B16 F-10 cells. After 5 days for tumor growth, kinetin riboside (10, 20, 40 mg/kg) is injected to tumor mass directly. Drug injection is performed once a 3 days for three times. After third injection of drug, mice are kept for 3 days with no injection and tumor mass is removed from each mouse and weighed^[2].

References:

- [1]. Rajabi M, et al. Antiproliferative activity of kinetin riboside on HCT-15 colon cancer cell line. Nucleosides Nucleotides Nucleic Acids. 2012;31(6):474-81.
- [2]. Choi BH, et al. Kinetin riboside preferentially induces apoptosis by modulating Bcl-2 family proteins and caspase-3 in cancer cells. Cancer Lett. 2008 Mar 8:261(1):37-45.

CAIndexNames:

Adenosine, N-(2-furanylmethyl)-

SMILES:

OC[C@@H]1[C@@H](O)[C@@H](O)[C@H](N2C3=NC=NC(NCC4=CC=CO4)=C3N=C2)O1

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Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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