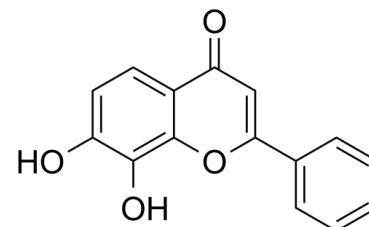


## Data Sheet

<b>Product Name:</b>	7,8-Dihydroxyflavone
<b>Cat. No.:</b>	CS-W014088
<b>CAS No.:</b>	38183-03-8
<b>Molecular Formula:</b>	C <sub>15</sub> H <sub>10</sub> O <sub>4</sub>
<b>Molecular Weight:</b>	254.24
<b>Target:</b>	Apoptosis; Trk Receptor
<b>Pathway:</b>	Apoptosis; Neuronal Signaling; Protein Tyrosine Kinase/RTK
<b>Solubility:</b>	DMSO : ≥ 100 mg/mL (393.33 mM)



### BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY:

7,8-Dihydroxyflavone is a potent and selective **TrkB** agonist that mimics the physiological actions of Brain-derived neurotrophic factor (BDNF). Displays therapeutic efficacy toward various neurological diseases<sup>[1]</sup>. **IC50 & Target:** TrkB<sup>[1]</sup> **In Vitro:** 7,8-Dihydroxyflavone (500 nM) protects the primary cortical neurons and locus coeruleus (LC) neurons from Aβ-induced toxicity and promotes dendritic growth and synaptogenesis<sup>[1]</sup>. **In Vivo:** 7,8-Dihydroxyflavone (5 mg/kg/day) prevents synaptic loss and memory deficits in a mouse model of Alzheimer's Disease<sup>[1]</sup>.

Administration of 7,8-dihydroxyflavone to mice activates TrkB in the brain, inhibits kainic acid-induced toxicity, decreases infarct volumes in stroke in a TrkBdependent manner, and is neuroprotective in an animal model of Parkinson disease<sup>[2]</sup>.

### References:

[1]. Zhang Z, et al. 7,8-dihydroxyflavone prevents synaptic loss and memory deficits in a mouse model of Alzheimer's disease. *Neuropsychopharmacology*. 2014 Feb;39(3):638-50.

### CAIndexNames:

4H-1-Benzopyran-4-one, 7,8-dihydroxy-2-phenyl-

### SMILES:

O=C1C=C(C2=CC=CC=C2)OC3=C(O)C(O)=CC=C13

**Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.**

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